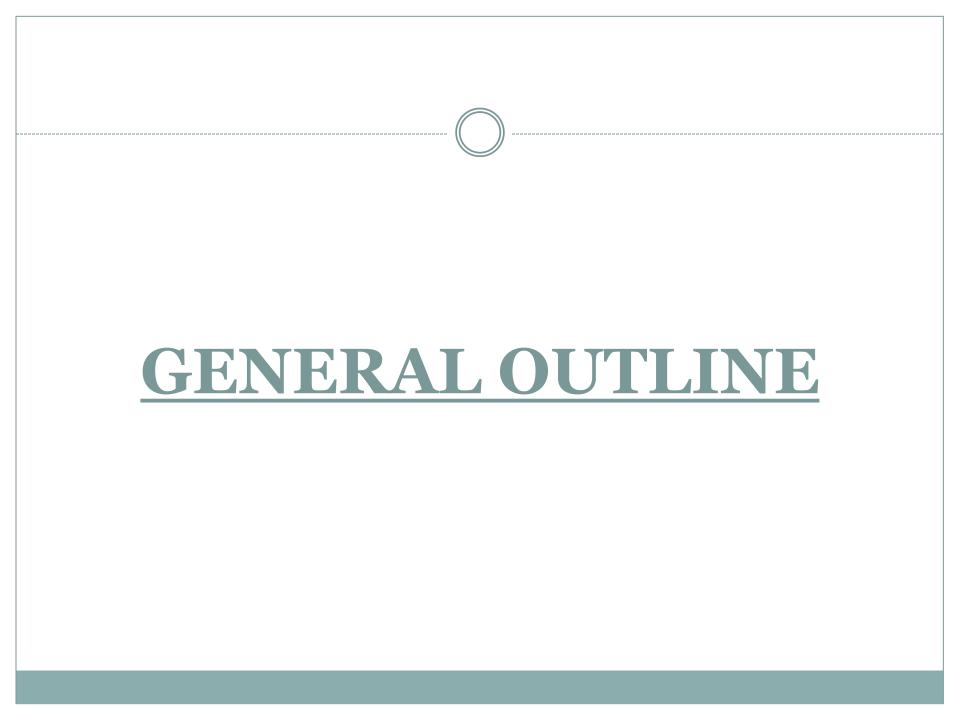
# CAUSES and EFFECTS

PART 2:

# THE ESSAY



# I. GENERAL OUTLINE

- I. TITLE
- II. INTRODUCTION
- III. CAUSES
- IV. EFFECTS
- **V.** CONCLUSION
- VI. WORKS CONSULTED



# II. TITLE

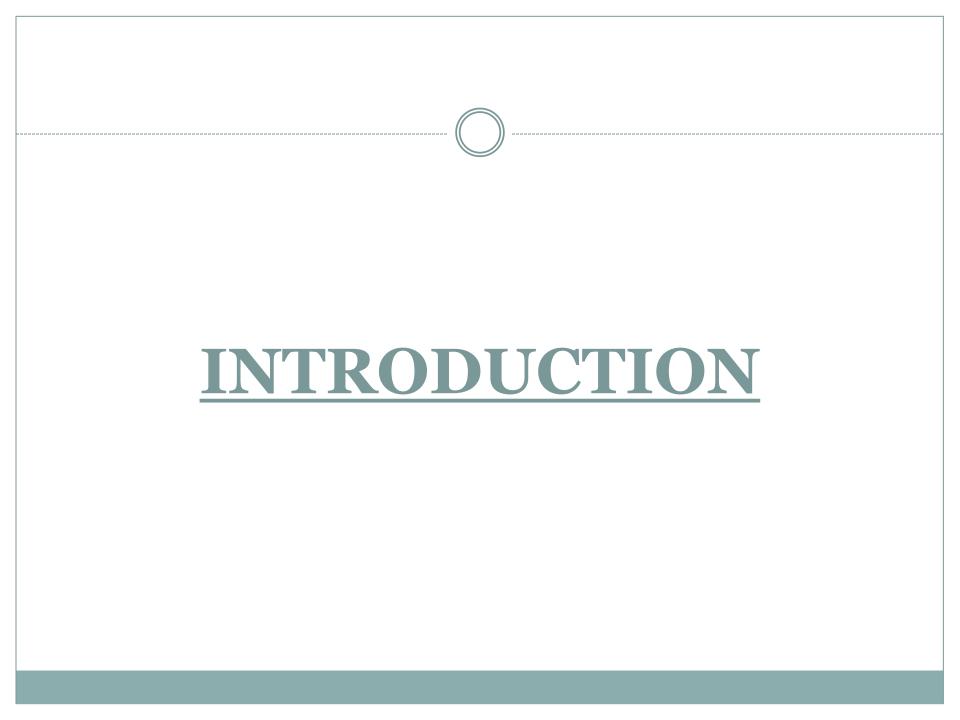
- Keep it simple, clear
- Don't get cute
- Causes & Effects:
  - both AND plural

- (1) Identify the Rhetorical Strategy
  -- mention "causes and effects"
- (2) Identify your Topic

# II. TITLE

#### **EXAMPLES:**

- The Causes and Effects of Teen Smoking
- Childhood Obesity: The Causes and Effects
- The Causes and Effects of Anorexia
   Nervosa in America's Adolescent Girls
  - Both causes and effects
  - Specific eating disorder
  - Specific country
  - Specific demographic, age
  - Specific gender

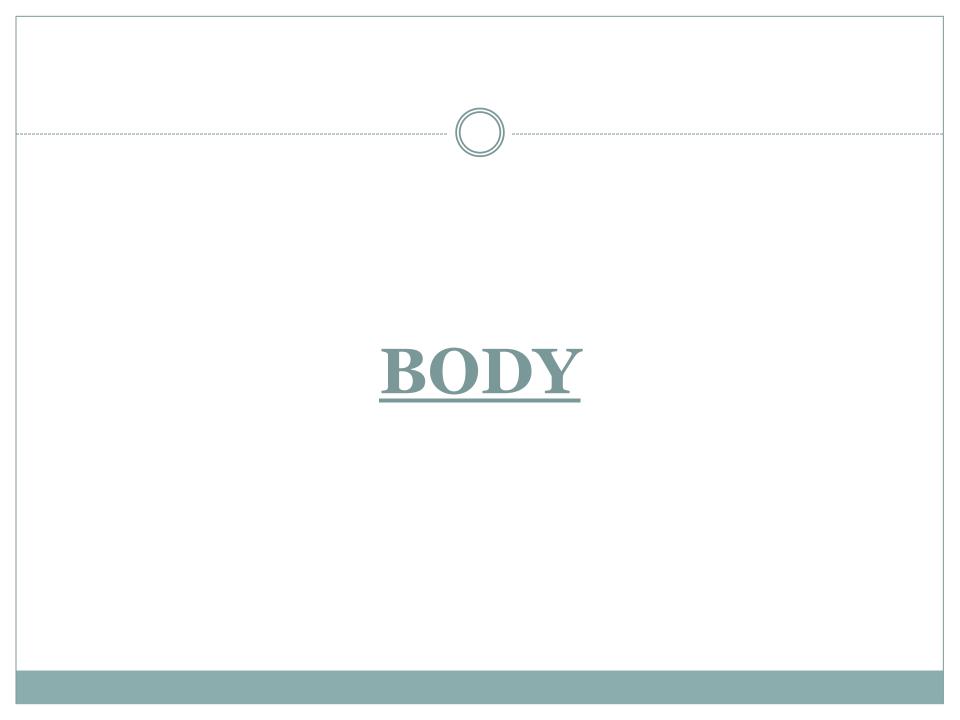


# III. INTRODUCTION

- Opening Generalization or Statistic
- Segue to your thesis
  - mention the minor C&E ("tip your hat")
  - However --> the most significant C&E = ...
  - You could
    - either list the minor Causes & then the major Causes; minor Effects & then major Effects
    - or list the minor Causes & Effects and then the major Causes & Effects
  - (consult the Outline Template)

# III. INTRODUCTION

- At the end, mention the importance or significance of knowing, studying, exploring, discussing, understanding the causes and effects of this issue....<u>So What?!</u>
- EXAMPLE: Therefore, an exploration into the causes and effects of teen smoking may help reduce the persistence of this deadly and costly trend.



#### **PARAGRAPH STRUCTURE:**

- One cause per paragraph
  - o all the causes
  - in a series of paragraphs
- arranged in the emphatic order
   (TRANSITION from Causes to Effects)
- One effect per paragraph
  - all the effects
  - in a series of paragraphs
  - arranged in the emphatic order

Do NOT try to pair a Cause with an Effect

#### **PARAGRAPH STRUCTURE:**

- 1. Name the cause (or effect)
- 2. Explain briefly the cause
- 3. *Illustrate* the cause with an instance, example, or quote from a source
- 4. Warrant the example,
  - reiterate the cause (#1)
  - this brings the paragraph full-circle

#### **PARAGRAPH STRUCTURE:**



# "BOOK ENDS"



#### (1) Topic Sentences

- Begin each paragraph with a <u>Topic Sentence</u> (#1)
- Transitional expression
- In addition to stupidity and curiosity, the most pernicious cause of teen smoking concerns peer pressure.
- While teens begin to smoke for a variety of causes that resemble excuses, they tend to ignore the dangerous effects that attend their foolishness. One such effect concerns the marring of their outward appearance.

#### **PARAGRAPH STRUCTURE:**



# "BOOK ENDS"



#### (2) Warrant Statements

- End each paragraph with a <u>Warrant Statement</u> (#4)
- o aka, Clincher Sentence
- o that reiterates your point and/or justifies the example
- Do NOT end a paragraph with borrowed words or ideas
- no quotes or citations
- o end with *your* words in *your* essay
- Thus, as the preceding example clearly demonstrates, one of the deleterious effects of teen smoking concerns a variety of cancers.
- Hence, as Smith's survey and Leaf Ltd.'s market research illustrate, teens smoke to rebel from their parents.

#### **CITE, CITE, CITE:**

- cite every sentence of borrowed information
- o if you did not know it before, cite it
- if you did know it before because of your professional experience, make this evident, perhaps via a Lead-In Expression
- otherwise, readers will expect a citation after technical information

#### **CITE, CITE, CITE:**

- (Last Name space page referent).
  - o (Smith 89).
  - If no author, use the "Article Title"
    - **x** Truncated
    - × Keep the " "
  - If no page numbers, then use a 'Subheading'
    - **Truncated, Use single quotes** ''
    - **▼ (Smith 'The Causes').**
  - If no page # or SH, use Paragraph Numbers
    - **×** (Smith par.5).

#### **EMPHATIC ORDER:**

- Arrange the causes according to the emphatic order
  - Save the most \_\_\_\_\_ for last
  - o the most common, dangerous, significant,....
- Arrange the effects according to the emphatic order
  - Save the most \_\_\_\_\_ for last
  - o the most common, dangerous, significant,....

#### **PROOFREAD:**

- Check for spelling errors
- Check for sentence errors
  - o fragments, run-ons, comma splices
- o mind your **Pronoun Reference** 
  - o singular pronouns refer to singular nouns/pronouns
    - $\times$  he/she, his/her, him/her  $\rightarrow$  person, individual
  - o plural pronouns refer to plural nouns/pronouns
    - $\star$  they, them, their  $\rightarrow$  people, individuals
- Stay out of <u>second</u> person Point-of-View
  - o no "you" throughout

#### **HEADERS**:

- No cover or title page
- Typical "page #1" header
  - Your name
  - My name
  - Course & section
  - Due date
  - Assignment
- Page headers on p2+
  - o last name-p#
  - Schigliessa-5

#### **DICTION:**

- o This is *not* an Example Essay
  - o So no "reasons"
  - o Use "causes"

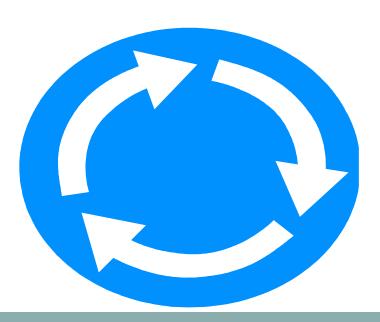
#### **SPELLING:**

- o Affect = verb
- o Effect = noun
  - o usually, and especially in this essay
  - o but in some instances...
    - **\* "affect" = psych. term for "emotional state"** 
      - "effect" = "to bring about, produce"



# V. CONCLUSION

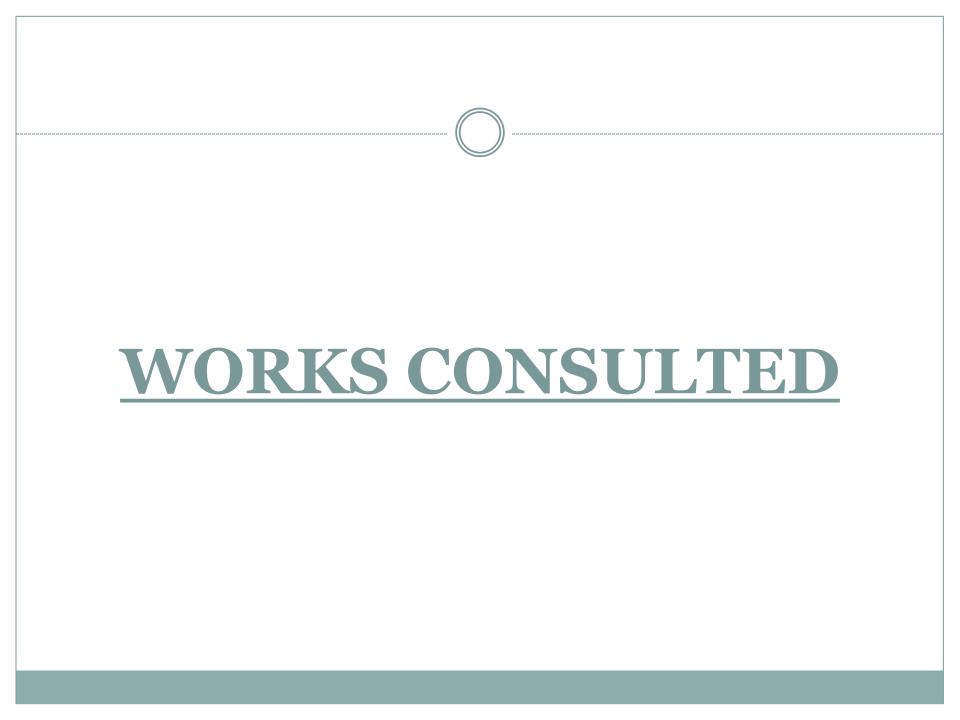
- Look back to your Introduction
  - o Bring the essay "full-circle"
- Repeat the causes and effects
- Repeat the significance of the causes & effects



# V. CONCLUSION

- Make clear your overall argument
  - You have used the rhetorical strategy of Cause and Effect to help prove a point or argue a claim
  - Make that point or claim clear here (as you did in the Introduction)
- Perhaps mention some possible solutions to the problem
- End with an appropriate Clincher Sentence

SO WHAT?!



# VI. WORKS CONSULTED

#### **Works Consulted**

- o not Works Cited
- o all the sources you read for this paper
- o not just those cited within the paper
- \*perfect MLA format
- \*alphabetical order
- \*reverse indentation



# \* GENERAL OUTLINE \*

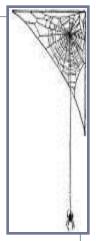
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- •do **NOT** try to pair Causes & Effects
- discuss the causes in Emphatic Order
- •1 cause per par.
- •Name, Explain, Illustrate, Reiterate
  - •(do the same for the Effects)

# POSSIBLE TOPICS

- Cheating
- Plagiarism
- Underage Drinking
- Premarital Sex
- o STDs
- Domestic Violence
- Rape
- Child Molestation
- Iraq War
- Global Warming
- o El Nino
- Alzheimer's
- o AIDS
- ...any disease, cancer, condition, syndrome

- o Autism
- Noise Pollution
- o the Information Age
- Communism
- Capitalism
- Fast Food
- Irrational Fear, Hatred (ism)
- 0 9/11
- Recession
- o Depression
  - (economic, psychological)
- Childhood Obesity
- o a disaster
- o a movement, a war
- ...at any time in history



# THE END