RHETORICAL STRATEGIES:



- disprove a claim
- disagree with a claim
- question the assumptions made or suggested
- * refutation does NOT prove that you are right

* refutation proves only that the other side is probably wrong

I. Refutation through DEFINITION:

define, clarify, or redefine the key terms in the claim

II. Refutation through QUALIFICATION:

- suggest that the claim is an overgeneralization that needs certain qualifiers
- "many" or "most" or "a preponderance" or "a majority"
 or "several"
- instead of "all" or "none" or "every"
 - (everyone, everything, every)

III. Refutation through EXAMPLES: **

- the most common method
- o use specific instances & examples
 - name names or titles
 - or dates & times
 - to demonstrate exceptions

* Do NOT try to refute the claim

by attacking the person. **

- or argue the point, not the person making the point
- ethos breakdown
- o ad hominem: logical fallacy

WHY Use Refutation in Your Essay:

***** When sides are polarized on a controversial issue

- If there are only 2 sides & you demonstrate weaknesses in your opponent's argument, then your side looks better
- o gun control, politics, gay marriage, abortion, war, ...

WHY Use Refutation in Your Essay:

- * "<u>Deconstruction</u>":
 - "Decenter" your opponent's argument by attacking its core, center, heart
 - Without a center, their argument cannot hold

WHY Use Refutation in Your Essay:

- Similarly, pointing out flaws in your opponent's logic
 - demonstrates your insight & logic
 - builds your ethos
 - forces them to reconsider or clarify or rethink

WHY Use Refutation in Your Essay:

- Thoroughly examining your opponent's claims, grounds, and warrants
- * Helps establish or build your ethos
 - Since you demonstrate careful analysis,
 - Your credibility rises

WHY Use Refutation in Your Essay:

Pointing out counter-arguments

- Is not just criticizing
- moves the argument along
 - Side #3
 - Clarification

